

Abstract

This paper analyzes attitudes of the major stakeholders to the Conditional Cash Transfers programme adopted in Mexico, which sees building human capital as a main tool to fight poverty. The authors overview the poverty, health, nutrition and education challenges in Latvia, describe current solutions and identify stakeholders' attitudes to Conditional Cash Transfers as the possible tool addressing these challenges. Attitudes of parents, doctors, teachers and government representatives to different components of Conditional Cash Transfers programme were determined with a help of questionnaire and interviews. The model adapted to the country specific factors based on stakeholders' attitudes was developed, and the cost of such programme was estimated by the authors.

Keywords: conditional cash transfers, human capital, poverty.